

# Local asymptotic normality of unstable HJM type interest rate model

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We consider a discrete time Heath-Jarrow-Morton (HJM) type forward interest rate model driven by a spatial autoregression process. Let  $\{\eta_{i,j} : i, j \in \mathbb{Z}_+\}$  be i.i.d. standard normal random variables on a probability space  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, P)$ , where  $\mathbb{Z}_+$  denotes the set of nonnegative integers. Let  $\rho \in \mathbb{R}$  be the autoregression coefficient. Let  $f_{k,\ell}$  denote the forward interest rate at time  $k$  with time to maturity date  $\ell$  ( $k, \ell \in \mathbb{Z}_+$ ). We assume that the initial values  $f_{0,\ell}$  are known at time 0. If this market is arbitrage free then the forward rates are given by the following equations (see [1]):

$$f_{k,\ell} = f_{k-1,\ell+1} + \rho(f_{k,\ell-1} - f_{k-1,\ell}) + \eta_{k,\ell} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=0}^{2\ell} \rho^i, \quad (k, \ell \in \mathbb{N}).$$

**Theorem.** Suppose that the true parameter is  $\rho_0 = 1$ . Let  $\{K_n, L_n : n \in \mathbb{N}\}$  be positive integers such that  $K_n = nK + o(n)$  and  $L_n = nL + o(n)$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$  with some  $K > 0$  and  $L > 0$ . For each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  let  $\hat{\rho}_n$  denote a maximum likelihood estimator of  $\rho$  over  $[A, 1]$  based on a sample  $\{f_{k,\ell} : 1 \leq k \leq K_n, 0 \leq \ell \leq L_n\}$ , where  $A \in (-1, 1)$ . Then  $\hat{\rho}_n$  is strongly consistent, i.e.

$$\hat{\rho}_n \rightarrow \rho_0 \quad \text{almost surely as } n \rightarrow \infty.$$

Moreover the sequence of the related statistical experiments is locally asymptotically normal (LAN) in the following sense:

$$\frac{\mathcal{L}_n(f_{k,\ell} : 1 \leq k \leq K_n, 0 \leq \ell \leq L_n; 1 - \frac{h}{n^3})}{\mathcal{L}_n(f_{k,\ell} : 1 \leq k \leq K_n, 0 \leq \ell \leq L_n; 1)} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{D}} \exp \left\{ h\zeta - \frac{1}{2} \sigma^2 h^2 \right\}, \quad \forall h \in \mathbb{R}_+,$$

where  $\mathcal{L}_n$  denotes the likelihood function of the sample,  $\zeta \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$  and

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{9}{4} \int_0^K \left( \int_0^L t^4 dt \right) ds + \frac{9}{4} \int_0^K \frac{1}{s} \left( \int_L^{L+s} t^2 dt \right)^2 ds.$$

## References

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